

## 选择性必修二 Unit 3 Words in Using Language

班级\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名\_\_\_\_\_ 小组\_\_\_\_\_

### 一、学习目标

- 1.To learn the new words and expressions of Using Language;
- 2.Learn the different forms of the words and then finish the exercise.

### 二、重点、难点

1. 重点：To master the usages of some new words:  
association, regardless, quantity, fundamental, trick
2. 难点：To know how to know and use some words

### 三、导学流程

#### （一）基础感悟（导学导读）：

1. \_\_\_\_\_ vt. 联系；联想 → \_\_\_\_\_ n. 协会；关联
2. \_\_\_\_\_ adj. 适度的；合理的 → \_\_\_\_\_ n. 适度；合理
3. \_\_\_\_\_ n. 诡计；把戏；诀窍 → \_\_\_\_\_ adj. 狡猾的；棘手的
4. \_\_\_\_\_ adj. 完美的；理想的；n. 理想；完美的人（或事物） → \_\_\_\_\_ adv. 理想地 → \_\_\_\_\_ n. 理想主义 → \_\_\_\_\_ n. 理想主义者
5. \_\_\_\_\_ adj. 根本的；基础的；n. 基本规律；根本法则 → \_\_\_\_\_ adv. 根本

#### （二）未知探究：

1. association [əˌsəʊsi'eɪʃən] n. 协会，关联  
associate v. 将（...和...）联系起来；交往，结交 associated adj. 有关的，相关的；副的  
associate...with...把...和...联系起来 be associated with...与.....关联  
have (no) association with 与...（没）有联系 in association with... 与.....关联
2. regardless [rɪgə'dləs] adv. 不顾；不加理会  
regardless of 不管；不顾=despite=in spite of (后常接名词，不接从句)  
with regard to 关于；至于
3. quantity [kwɒntəti] n. 数量；数额  
in quantity= in large quantities 大量地  
A(large) quantity of= (large) quantities of 大量的  
(quantity 和 quantities 前可用 large, huge, vast 等形容词修饰)
4. fundamental [fʌndə'mentl] adj. 根本的；基础的；基本的 n. 基本规律；根本法则

**be fundamental to** 对.....很重要      **fundamental principle**      根本原则；基本原理

**5.trick** [trik]    **n.** 诀窍；计谋；把戏    **vt.** 哄骗；欺骗

**tricky**    **adj.** 狡猾的;难对付的；棘手的

**play tricks/a trick on sb.** 搞恶作剧；开某人玩笑

**trick or treat** 是请吃糖，还是想遭殃

**the tricks of the trade** 绝招，绝活，门道，生意经

**do the trick** 奏效；起作用；达到目的

**trick sb. into sth./into doing sth.** 诱使某人某事/做某事

**trick sb. out of sth.** 从某人处骗走某物

**a tricky question / task** 欺骗某人做某事

**(三) 当堂检测:**

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ (associate) was formed to represent the interests of women artists.
2. Dogs were also \_\_\_\_\_ (associate) with healing in the ancient world.
3. Everyone has the right to own property alone as well as \_\_\_\_\_ association with others.
4. My name is Li Hua. And I am writing to apply for being a volunteer of our school \_\_\_\_\_.

我叫李华。我写信是为了申请成为我们学校英语协会的志愿者。

5. They continued to work regardless \_\_\_\_\_ the fact that it was raining.
6. Dr. Bethune continued working \_\_\_\_\_ spite of cutting his hand during an operation.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ regard to my favorite Chinese poet, I'd like to introduce Du Fu to you.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ all our efforts to save the school, the authorities decided to close it.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ the risk of getting infected, Uncle Li is responsible and devoted to his job.

李叔叔不顾感染的危险，对工作负责，尽心尽力。

10. Our government spent a large quantity \_\_\_\_\_ money in stopping pollution.
11. Every day in hot summer, a large quantity of beer \_\_\_\_\_ (consume).
12. Large quantities of air-conditioners \_\_\_\_\_ (sell) since the summer is coming.
13. As a result of destroying the forests, \_\_\_\_\_ has covered the land.

由于森林遭到破坏，大量的沙漠覆盖了这片土地。

13. Some understanding of grammar is fundamental \_\_\_\_\_ learning a language.
14. Our new managing director has reorganized the company a little bit, but nothing has \_\_\_\_\_ (fundamental) changed.
15. They believe better relations with China \_\_\_\_\_ the well-being of the area.

他们相信与中国的更好关系对这个地区的福祉很重要。

一、写出下列句子中画线部分的汉语释义。

1. We have to deal with the fundamental cause of the problem. \_\_\_\_\_
2. We need to make fundamental changes to the way in which we treat our environment.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. It's important for children to be taught the fundamentals of science. \_\_\_\_\_

二、在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

1. Water is fundamental \_\_\_\_\_ survival.
2. Don't take it seriously; she just wants to play a trick \_\_\_\_\_ you.
3. We were tricked \_\_\_\_\_ buying a poor car, which made me very upset.
4. He tricked me into \_\_\_\_\_ (lend) him £ 100 and didn't give it back.
5. Not only did you correct my mistakes, but you also \_\_\_\_\_ of studying English.

你不仅纠正了我的错误，还教了我学英语的诀窍。